LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MEETING OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

OPEN SESSION

Monday, April 16, 2012

2:11 p.m.

Legal Services Corporation 3333 K Street, N.W. F. McCalpin Conference Center, 3rd Floor Washington, D.C. 20007

COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:

Victor B. Maddox, Chairperson Harry J.F. Korrell III Gloria Valencia-Weber David Hoffman (Non-Director Member) Paul L. Snyder (Non-Director Member) (by telephone) John G. Levi, ex officio

OTHER BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT:

Sharon L. Browne Robert J. Grey, Jr. Charles N.W. Keckler Victor B. Maddox Father Pius Pietrzyk, O.P. Julie A. Reiskin STAFF AND PUBLIC PRESENT:

James J. Sandman, President

Richard L. Sloane, Special Assistant to the President

Rebecca Fertig, Special Assistant to the President

- Kathleen McNamara, Executive Assistant to the President
- Victor M. Fortuno, Vice President for Legal Affairs, General Counsel, and Corporate Secretary
- Mattie Cohan, Senior Assistant General Counsel, Office of Legal Affairs
- David L. Richardson, Comptroller and Treasurer, Office of Financial and Administrative Services
- Martin Polacek, Accounting Manager, Office of Financial and Administrative Services
- Jeffrey E. Schanz, Inspector General
- Laurie Tarantowicz, Assistant Inspector General and Legal Counsel, Office of the Inspector General
- Ronald "Dutch" Merryman, Assistant Inspector General for Audit, Office of the Inspector General
- Thomas Coogan, Assistant Inspector General for Investigations, Office of the Inspector General
- David Maddox, Assistant Inspector General for Management and Evaluation, Office of the Inspector General
- Daniel Sheahan, Program Evaluation Analyst, Office of the Inspector General

STAFF AND PUBLIC PRESENT (Continued):

- Magali Khalkho, Resource Management Specialist, Office of the Inspector General
- Carol A. Bergman, Director, Office of Government Relations and Public Affairs
- Elizabeth Arledge, Communications Manager, Office of Government Relations and Public Affairs
- Treefa Aziz, Government Affairs Representative, Office of Government Relations and Public Affairs
- Traci Higgins, Director, Office of Human Resources
- Eric R. Jones, Network/System Engineer, Office of Information Technology
- LaVon Smith, Network/System Engineer, Office of Information Technology
- John Constance, former Director, GRPA
- Frank Strickland, Former LSC Board Chairman and Non-Director Member of the Institutional Advancement Committee
- Robert E. Henley, Jr., Non-Director Member of Audit Committee
- Chuck Greenfield, National Legal Aid and Defender Association (NLADA)
- Terry Brooks, American Bar Association
- Lisa Wood, American Bar Association
- Linda Perle, Center for Law and Social Policy (CLASP)

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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 (2:11 p.m.) CHAIRMAN MADDOX: I'm going to go ahead and 3 call the Audit Committee to order. Let's see if we 4 have a roll call. I guess we have Gloria here. I'm 5 6 here. Harry's here. And David Hoffman is here. Is 7 Paul Snyder on the phone, by chance? 8 MR. SNYDER: Yes, Victor, I am. CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Welcome, Paul. Yes, I can 9 10 hear you. 11 MR. SNYDER: You have far-reaching powers; I got a message that says, "The leader has muted the 12 13 phone." CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Well, I think it's unmuted 14 15 now, so we can hear you fine. 16 MR. SNYDER: We're fine. Thank you. CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Okay. Well, welcome. 17 So the meeting is called to order. I'll ask, 18 as the first order of business, the approval of the 19 20 agenda. Is there a motion? 21 11 22 11

1	MOTION
2	PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: So moved.
3	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: A second?
4	MR. KORRELL: Second.
5	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: All in favor?
6	(A chorus of ayes.)
7	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: The motion carries and the
8	agenda is approved.
9	The second item of business is approval of the
10	minutes of the Committee's telephonic meeting of March
11	15, 2012. And I believe that was a corrected version
12	of that.
13	PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Yes, there was.
14	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: So is there a motion to
15	approve?
16	MOTION
17	MR. KORRELL: So moved.
18	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: And a second?
19	PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Second.
20	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: All in favor?
21	(A chorus of ayes.)
22	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: And the motion carries and

1 the minutes have been approved.

We'll move to the next item, which is No. 3, 2 review of the Audit Committee charter and consider and 3 act on possible changes thereto. Just by way of 4 5 background for those who might not have been following 6 the ongoing process for the last year, this started, I quess, in April of 2011 because of concerns that some 7 on the Committee had that the charter as it currently 8 exists in some respects was too broad or included 9 certain duties that were unrealistic or needed to be 10 11 modified in one degree or another.

12 We have had a variety of comments, and public, and discussions on it. We've had redrafts of the 13 existing charter, with the able assistance of Mattie 14 15 Cohan in the OLA. And we have recently received 16 comments from David Hoffman, whose work has been, frankly, extraordinary in reviewing the existing 17 charter, the various drafts, and providing his own 18 comments. I know that Paul Snyder had comments as well 19 in connection with our January meeting. 20

21 So, Mattie, you might as well come up. I 22 spoke with Dutch Merryman just on Friday briefly about

1 the comments that David had provided and a memo that 2 David had prepared and circulated. And I know that OIG 3 has concerns, and I hope that we can have an open and 4 productive discussion today about what concerns the OIG 5 has, what views the members of the Committee have, and 6 the current status of the draft as we have it.

7 And perhaps, to get the process started, I'd 8 like to ask David if you could articulate the work you 9 did and make sure that we are all on the same page with 10 respect to the various drafts that were circulated. 11 There were a number of redlined versions around, and I 12 know it got a little bit confusing.

My hope is that we can have a draft that compares the existing charter, in redlined version, I guess, with, David, your comments which to some degree differ from the approach that was last presented to us by Mattie; and then, if possible, decide how to proceed in light of the OIG comments and whatever time we need to take.

20 Ultimately, I think it's important that we get 21 this process resolved, certainly no later than the next 22 couple of months. I had hoped that we would be able to

agree on a resolution of a new charter today and present it to the Board, but I don't think that's going to be possible. Nevertheless, it certainly is my goal that we have a resolution for the Board no later than our July meeting.

6 So with that, David, perhaps you can shed some 7 light and educate us on the work that you've done.

8 MR. HOFFMAN: I'm not sure I'll be able to 9 shed any light, but I'll give it my best.

Let me just say a couple things about process because I do agree that there were in the last week and whole bunch of back-and-forth on the redlines when I was examining this, with apologies to the Committee about the belated nature of my review.

But I was looking at the redlined version that Mattie Cohan had sent around, I think, in January. And so I was looking at the existing charter and that one. And then I think one of the things that maybe added to the confusion is I think you guys circulated a new draft with the board book maybe Wednesday or Thursday or so of last week.

22 So one of the last emails I sent around was

marked up, showed a redlined version from the draft that I had put together of the revised charter, comparing it with the existing one. I also did a redline comparing it of the one back in January. But at some point, obviously, we need to unify this and make it clear.

7 In terms of the substantive points, one of the 8 points of discussion that led to a broader review was 9 the issue of whether the existing charter should be 10 changed on the topic of the selection of the external 11 auditor.

12 The existing charter says that the Audit 13 Committee shall oversee the selection and retention of 14 the external auditor, which is to be done by the IG. 15 And we received a draft, as everyone knows, 16 recommending that that provision be removed because of 17 a concern from the IG's office that would impact on

18 their independence.

And I think that leads into -- and I don't agree with that in the sense that I think that it's appropriate for us, as a committee on behalf of the Board, to hear information about what external auditor

1 the IG believes should be selected, and then hear why 2 that makes sense, and then decide if that creates a 3 problem or not or if it's appropriate.

I think that one of the things that a lot of 4 5 us on the Fiscal Oversight Task Force took away from that process is that for the Board to conduct proper 6 7 supervision regarding risk management to ensure that funds are properly protected, that there is some 8 significant role for the Board to play in overseeing 9 and supervising the components of management and the 10 11 IG's office that do this; and that when they do a good 12 job of both performing those functions and coordinating with each other, the job of Board "general supervision" 13 should be very easy. 14

15 It's just sort of collecting information to hear, presumably, that it's working well, and hearing 16 about that; but that that function is important for the 17 And therefore, looking at the different 18 Board. charters of the different committees, the role that the 19 Audit Committee plays is of critical importance in 20 making sure that we receive information both from the 21 22 key parts of management and from the IG's office about

their function in this regard regarding audits and other aspects of their operations so that we're informed on behalf of the Board about how these anti-fraud and other risk management efforts are going, and so that the Board can be assured that the operations are being done properly and that there's proper coordination and communication.

8 One of the things that we saw from the task 9 force was that there's a lot of good risk management 10 operations and efforts and resources in LSC management 11 and IG, but it's a little bit complex and confusing 12 because there's lots of overlapping parts. And a 13 significant part of that is in an IG that is of 14 critical importance that remain independent.

15 So as long as the Audit Committee, in my view, 16 is receiving information on a regular basis from 17 management and from the IG about these different parts, 18 and we as a Committee on behalf of the Board can feel 19 comfortable that those operations are working properly, 20 then it should be fine.

The charter in its existing form gets most of the way there, but in my view needs to make a couple

more things explicit regarding risk management. And I was concerned that in the draft that we received in January from Ms. Cohan that it narrows it further and would restrict the Audit Committee's ability to provide the proper kind of general supervision under the statute of the IG and management.

7 I'll say one last thing. I won't get into the 8 weeds at all on this, although if there's a need for 9 that, I'd be happy to answer questions or discuss that. 10 The last thing is, let me say something specifically 11 about the IG's office.

As a former inspector general myself, I not only appreciate the importance of independence for an IG, but to me it's the most critical element of an IG in order to make it effective. The LSC, and therefore the Board, needs the IG to be strong and effective. It therefore needs the IG to be independent.

18 So to me, when I think about the Audit 19 Committee's role regarding supervision and/or 20 oversight, part of that supervision and oversight 21 should be to help ensure that the IG's independence is 22 protected and strong. That's a critical part of what

1 we do.

2	So the idea of the Audit Committee receiving
3	information from the IG and thinking about general
4	supervision should not be interpreted as any negative
5	statement about our desire for the IG's independence.
6	To the contrary. It should be seen as consistent with
7	and very protective of that independence.
8	But for the parts of management and IG to work
9	strongly and to work together and to make sure that
10	some aspect of the Board is being informed about those
11	and assessing them, to me that needs to be within the
12	Audit Committee. It's the right place to do it, and I
13	think the revised charter I put together tries to
14	fulfill that.
15	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Well, that's very helpful.
16	I had a conversation Dutch, maybe you should come
17	forward, or you and Jeff as well. We had a
18	conversation earlier today in which you all expressed
19	some concern about the approach, I believe, that David
20	has suggested. Am I correct that David shared his
21	memorandum with you?

22 MR. MERRYMAN: Yes, absolutely. We got the

1 memorandum last week and we started going through it, 2 and had not had time to get back with David to talk 3 about it, and he was en route. But we did want to talk 4 to you, just give you a heads up that we do have some 5 concerns that we would bring up, so it wouldn't be 6 surprise to the committee.

7 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right. Well, as I summarize 8 my thoughts on it, I did not understand David's 9 memorandum or his approach to make any dramatic changes 10 in the approach that the Committee has had since its 11 initial charter was adopted insofar as its relationship 12 with OIG is concerned.

In particular, one of the things that David's memo does is to leave intact the existing language in Section 7, I believe, subparagraph 1, that says that unless otherwise directed by the Board, the Committee shall oversee the selection and retention of the external auditor by the Inspector General of the Corporation.

20 So to the extent that the OLA draft, if we 21 call it that, or the Cohan draft --

22 MS. COHAN: Don't call it the Cohan draft.

1 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: -- would have -- I'm sorry, 2 I'm calling it that -- would have deleted that. It 3 was, as explained in the comments in the board book, it 4 was a withdrawal of authority, if you will, or at least 5 a specific duty from the Committee, which I think 6 David's position is, is inappropriate.

7 Now, there may be other aspects of the draft 8 that somehow go to the OIG concerns for its 9 independence or for the appropriate jurisdiction, if 10 you will. But I don't see that change as affecting 11 any -- I mean, if we stopped what we're doing right now 12 and just said never mind, then we'd have a charter that 13 apparently has been acceptable for the last four years.

14 So I think for us to get to a point where 15 we've got a document that we're all going to be able to 16 sign onto and be happy with, we'll probably need to 17 identify any other areas in David's approach that cause 18 the OIG concern, and then have a discussion about how 19 to take the two approaches and get to a final document.

It might be appropriate, OIG, if you share with us some thoughts that you have. Now, I realize that you have not had time to give it the kind of

analysis or thought that you might want to do. But it
 would be helpful to get some sense for where office
 stands right now.

MR. SCHANZ: Well, I'd like to start with that. This is Jeff Schanz, the Inspector General. Our independence and authority comes from federal statute. It does not come from the Audit Committee. It does not come from the Board. Our independence is by federal statute.

Much like the IGs of Justice and DOD, we have the same responsibilities, the same laws, the same everything applies to us even though I'm at LSC and I report to a board of directors under general supervision.

As I read the final document, and I got it 15 yesterday -- well, on the 13th -- there were many 16 things in here that indicated, "Review and discuss with 17 18 the IG its internal audit responsibilities." I have the authority to develop my internal audit 19 20 responsibilities, and I share them with the Audit 21 Committee on a quarterly basis. That's already being 22 done proactively by the IG.

1 Independence -- and the Audit Committee does 2 not have to ensure my independence because I am independent by fact and by law. And if I'm not, then I 3 have a direct reporting route directly to the Congress 4 of the United States. 5

6 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Can I just interrupt for 7 now?

8 MR. SCHANZ: Yes.

22

CHAIRMAN MADDOX: First of all, I don't think 9 that anything that's been proposed or any process that 10 11 we follow, Jeff, is with the thought of infringing on 12 your independence. And with respect to your last point, the existing charter says, in item 4 under 13 Section 7, Authority -- Section 8, Duties and 14 Responsibilities, that the Committee "shall review with 15 the OIG its internal audit responsibilities, sanctions, 16 17 and performance; its internal audit plan, and the risk 18 assessment that drives its internal audit plan; and the effectiveness of its internal audit plan and 19 20 activities."

21 So to the extent that there is concern that the Committee is taking on authority to review with OIG

1 its inner workings or its audit plans, we've got that 2 not only authority but duty, as we sit here today. And 3 I think the language of that same section in the board 4 book is largely unchanged.

5 MR. MERRYMAN: May I just comment on that 6 fairly quickly?

7 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Sure. Yes, absolutely. 8 MR. MERRYMAN: We objected to it at the time 9 it was put in. But not being management, management 10 can elect to do what they want to do. And this is the 11 first time the opportunity has come to address it 12 again.

13 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: So OIG objected to that -14 MR. MERRYMAN: Yes.

15 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: -- in 2008?

MR. MERRYMAN: Yes. Yes. This is not a new objection.

18 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Okay. Well, that's helpful. 19 MR. MERRYMAN: Yes. And I can give you the 20 background on that, when we objected to it. But again, 21 we're independent of management, and management's 22 independent of us in making decisions and managing the 1 Corporation --

2 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right. MR. MERRYMAN: -- and again, can make the 3 charter how they feel it should be. There is a caveat 4 5 in both charters, the current charter and the revisions 6 that have been set forth, about nothing it to interfere with the IG Act. It's almost like an escape clause 7 type of thing for almost anything that's in the charter 8 that we feel might interfere with our independence; we 9 can refer to that need start explaining it. 10

11 The other thing that happened in 2008, there 12 was no procedures ever put in place to do these things 13 specifically, which was another comment that we had at 14 a time, that how is this going to happen?

15 There's certain terminology, there's certain 16 information here, that I think we need to explore with 17 each other to make sure we understand so it's not a 18 communication problem, that is there really a problem 19 or is it just communication.

The word "oversee" the IG is very troublesome to a federal IG because it's not a word that's used in the IG Act, to oversee IG or OIG operations. What is

1 used is the term "general supervision of the IG." So
2 we're always cautious about seeing, what does "oversee"
3 mean, and do we start down a slippery slope with that?

In the alternate language, for instance, to "determine whether to approve the selection and retention" implies that the Board will have the authority to instruct us who to select, if that's what they want to do. That, I think, is a slippery slope, too, for a federal IG.

We do have processes in place, and it is reviewed in the peer review process, of selecting IPAs that do audits of the organization that we hire and that we monitor and everything.

14 So that's why it was in the 2008. It wasn't 15 because we didn't object to it; it's because management 16 decided to leave it in. And that's what they did.

MR. HOFFMAN: Just a couple quick things inresponse.

19 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Go ahead, David.

20 MR. HOFFMAN: And I, as a relative newcomer to 21 the LSC Board process, you'll have to take these 22 reactions as just that, someone who's relatively new.

1 But isn't it fair to correct slightly something that you said, meaning that management 2 doesn't approve this charter; and in '08, management 3 didn't make the decision about whether to disagree with 4 5 the IG's points. 6 MR. MERRYMAN: Correct. MR. HOFFMAN: It was the Board. 7 MR. MERRYMAN: Correct. 8 MR. HOFFMAN: And it was the Audit Committee. 9 And the Audit Committee then and now, and the Board 10 11 then and now, are different from management and 12 independent of management, and have an obligation to independently oversee management. 13 14 So that's been my experience since I've been here. And you know I understand the sensitivity --15 16 MR. MERRYMAN: Right. MR. HOFFMAN: -- about IG independence 17 18 generally and from management. But I wouldn't want it to be assumed or interpreted that the charter is being 19 20 created by management. 21 MR. MERRYMAN: It was the Board who did approve the charter. The Board is the head of the 22

agency. They did do that. And it was the Board who decided to leave it in, ultimately. And it wasn't the Audit Committee because the Audit Committee wasn't -- I think the Audit Committee and the charter were sort of adopted at the same time, simultaneously.

6 So it was a recommendation of the Ad Hoc 7 Committee to approve the charter and establishing an 8 audit committee or -- I don't remember the exact 9 sequence.

But you're right. It's absolutely correct. The Board did approve it, did decide to leave it in, and it is the Board's decision also on the charter now to leave it in or take it out.

But I did want to make sure that -- my main point being that it was objected to. It wasn't something that we had agreed to at one time and now we had second thoughts about it. We objected to it from the beginning.

MR. HOFFMAN: And that memo from '08 was distributed to the members of the Audit Committee here. I've read it with great interest, and saw the references to the statutes, which don't govern LSC, but

1 talk about the practice, the statutes that govern other
2 I guess in other parts of the federal government, and
3 so on.

To engage a tiny bit on the merits, because I do think that no one wants -- to the extent this is an issue created, it's an issue created by me in terms of the timing of when I distributed that, so for that I apologize -- and so no one wants to make this a rushed process. So this can be a first step, if need be, in terms of the discussion of the merits.

But so to engage just briefly on that, on the issue of the external auditor and to respond, Dutch, to your comments about the word "oversee" as it is in the existing charter, and then my proposed alternative language, which includes, "shall review the recommendation" and then "shall determine whether to approve such selection and retention."

I don't interpret that as the Audit Committee being able to say to you, "You must hire so-and-so auditor." But I'm imaging a couple -- I do think, as a practical matter, it would require both the Audit Committee and the IG to be in agreement on it.

I don't think that will be difficult, and I think it's appropriate for this reason. If the Audit Committee has concerns, as an example, about the expertise or competence of the auditor who's chosen, I think that's an important thing for the IG to hear about and for us to have a discussion about.

7 Looking back on the auditors that have been 8 chosen, it's hard to imagine that concern arising when an IG acts responsibly in choosing the auditor. But in 9 terms of an audit, one of the most critical things that 10 11 will happen for the LSC every year and that's of 12 critical importance for the Board in assessing what the finances are of the Corporation and so on, having at 13 least the slightest, slightest voice in terms of 14 comfort level of that was what was behind that 15 16 language.

I think that "oversee" is a vaguer term, but certainly communicates that. And I think the alternative language communicates that. And if there's no alternative to that other than just take it out, I would have a tough time, as one person, just being convinced that that's the right way to go.

1 MR. SCHANZ: We have engaged the Audit 2 Committee since I've been here, and prior to me, in the 3 selection of the independent auditor. They have been 4 involved at the entrance conference. They have been 5 involved when we put out our RFP.

6 So the Audit Committee has been engaged as much as they want to be engaged during the selection of 7 the independent auditor. I personally feel that's an 8 IG function. If the Audit Committee feels differently 9 and they have the resources to staff that selection and 10 11 to go through a competitive process and bidding process 12 like we do, and to take a look at prior work papers that we do, they can be more than happy. 13

14 That's not my issue. My issue is the 15 independence issue here that's presented, and I think 16 it's being chipped away at the margins. Those are my 17 concerns, and the difference between the original 18 charter and the charter that was presented to us on 19 Friday.

20 MR. HOFFMAN: But the initial charter -- on 21 this external auditor point, the initial --

22 MR. SCHANZ: That's a throwaway. That is

1 fine.

MR. HOFFMAN: So it's fine to keep it as is? 2 MR. SCHANZ: If the Audit Committee wants to 3 take that on, they can take that on. 4 That is the 5 Board's prerogative. But we have --6 MR. KORRELL: There's some risk of setting up a straw man here. No one here is suggesting that the 7 Audit Committee wants to take on this process of 8 selecting the independent auditor. I don't think it 9 helps the conversation to set up a straw man and then 10 11 kick it down. 12 I really do think the point on the external auditor was simply the language about the Audit 13 Committee's role in weighing on what I think everyone 14 15 acknowledges is ultimately going to be the OIG's 16 selection. And the question is really just the wording about what role we play when you recommend the 17 selection of an auditor. 18

MR. MERRYMAN: And to answer David just a little bit, there's no intent here not to have the Audit Committee involved. They should be involved. MR. SCHANZ: And have been involved every year

1 since we've done this.

MR. MERRYMAN: As a matter of fact, I have in 2 front of me now some of the things -- if there's time 3 for the IG's time -- that we're going to talk about, 4 and that is that we will be reaching out to all members 5 6 of the Audit Committee over the next week or so because we're getting ready to do an evaluation, our 7 evaluation, of whether to retain the auditor or not, to 8 get their input and concerns and to listen to them 9 because it is important. 10

11 Since 2008, we have sent the RFP to the 12 Committee to look at and to get their comments, and we have changed the RFP based on some of their comments 13 and everything. Some things we didn't change. 14 And we tried to make sure that the Audit Committee is 15 involved, that they are informed, they know what's 16 17 going on in the process. And that's part of getting 18 wording right and getting the procedures right that we want to follow. 19

20 MR. HOFFMAN: So let me just say maybe this is 21 an easy one, then.

22 MR. MERRYMAN: I think it is.

1 MR. HOFFMAN: Because my impression was that, just as you say, that the process was fine and had been 2 working, and so therefore there doesn't seem to be a 3 need to change the language. We were reacting to a 4 5 proposed change in the language that stripped it out. 6 If the answer is let's just leave it as is and everyone's in agreement, then we can move on to the 7 8 next issue. CHAIRMAN MADDOX: 9 Gloria? PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Yes. 10 As it's 11 described, the OIG office has been keeping us informed, 12 and since I've been on the Audit Committee, no lack of communication about what you're doing, the step in what 13 you're doing, and what you're putting out. 14 15 I actually see that what we now have before us 16 in the last form gives much better content to the 17 "oversee." I understand the problem about the somewhat ambiquous character of that, and in fact, when we 18 looked at the original charter we started with, I 19 20 joined initially, immediately, the discomfort that both 21 Harry and Vic have expressed about the over-breadth of some of those verbs. 22

Some of those verbs are downright frightening to somebody who had to pull out what accounting for lawyers that I had way back so many years ago. It's not adequate for what we have to do.

And so I see that what's proposed here is much better and much clearer, and in fact fits what we have been doing. And so I don't see it as a problem of threatening the independence because obviously, it will ultimately be the IG decision about which auditor you want to select and why, and that it will be your office engaged in the contracting process.

I join with David's last comment. I don't see that this is, at this point, at least -- what we might have is terminology difference, and we'll just have to work that out. But as to how it has processed in the past, how it's happened in the past --

MR. SNYDER: Victor, can I just weigh in? MR. SNYDER: I agree with David and Gloria's comment that -- the alternative wording is fine with me as well because I think we would review the recommendation. We're not suggesting we're going to substitute for the OIG; that's not our intention.

But I do think the Audit Committee, perhaps and the Board, has to have an understanding of the qualifications of the external auditor that's going to do the audit of the Corporation. And to not do so, I think we would be negligent.

6 So I think the wording where we say we review 7 that function I think is adequate because I think even 8 "oversee" sounds like we're going to be very active in 9 the IG's selection. And it sounds to me like people 10 are quite comfortable with the selection process the 11 OIG's gone through and his ability to evaluate external 12 auditors.

All I think this is saying is that we just want to be informed and understand who that firm is and their qualifications so that we can represent that they are qualified to conduct the audit of the Corporation books.

MR. MERRYMAN: I agree. We want the Committee to be informed, involved, to express their opinions and any concerns. It's very important. We do follow a set of procedures that are outlined for us in what's called FAM 650. It's a GAO publication. It's what we are

evaluated on by our peer review when they come through
 to make sure we are following those things and looking
 at the independence.

And we're very comfortable in our process of what we've implemented to be in conformity with all the requirements that we have on us as an IG, as following government auditing standards, those types of things.

8 And we want the Board, and especially the 9 Audit Committee, to be involved. It's a very vital 10 part. You should be. You should be informed. You 11 should know who your auditors are. So there's no 12 problem there. We've just got to get the words.

13 That's why I think some of this gets down to 14 definitions. What are we really talking about? My 15 concerns are -- some of the things, when we talk about 16 the word "functions," what does that mean, when we talk 17 about internal control functions?

I am prohibited -- well, let me put it this way. One of the major threats to an audit organization in government auditing standards is management participation. And what that basically mean is, we cannot act as management or for management or take over

1 any management responsibilities.

Audits are meant to be information that 2 management can use in their responsibility of dealing 3 with internal controls, and that what we need to do is 4 5 make sure we coordinate with management and with the Audit Committee on what our plans are, what 6 7 management's plans are, so that they can know that 8 there's information that we're going to have that would be beneficial to them in helping them do their own 9 assessment on their internal controls. And they can 10 11 rely upon that information as being objective and 12 independent.

To the extent that our work mirrors or compliments management's responsibilities, they can rely upon our information as well as the external auditor and other sources. But it's not replacement for management.

And so we've got really understand how we're using some terminology. That's why I think it's good to sit down, maybe just get down into the weeds -- not here, but down into the weeds and make sure we fully understand what's intended by some of the terminology,

1 make sure we're not misreading what's going on.

2 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Well, I think that's 3 certainly appropriate. I do want to echo the comments 4 of Gloria and David and Paul, and Harry, I guess. It's 5 unanimous.

I don't see anything that we've done here or that we're proposing here as an attempt to constrain OIG or to infringe upon OIG territory, to put it in the vernacular. I think that, in fact, it's the opposite. And I suspect that if we get into the specific language and terminology, we'll find that to be the case.

As I say, our existing charter gives us the overseer's authority. I didn't pick the word; none of us on this Committee did. And in addition to that, it gives us the duty to review internal audits and audit plans and the like.

So I think Jeff has suggested rightly that we don't have, really, the capacity to do that, and none of us want that. We're not suggesting that we expand our scope. In fact, we started the process with the intention of narrowing it.

1 So it may well be that what we ought to do is 2 let OIG, in its appropriate time, review what we have 3 and provide us with some specific concerns about 4 specific language. I mean, so far I think we've just 5 been talking in some general concepts. But the drafts 6 that we now have have specifics.

7 In fact, I think one of the things that we 8 have accomplished is, by it reviewing thus far, we've 9 managed to compartmentalize the various areas of 10 responsibility into, I think, risk management, 11 financial reporting, and audit responsibilities. And 12 right now, the charter is just sort of an amalgamation 13 of all those duties.

So it's helpful to have it organized better, 14 15 and I think we've got that now. And that ought to help 16 inform OIG's analysis of where the authority exists 17 today and where we're proposing that it go if it's being constrained or narrowed, and if so, if that's 18 appropriate. And if you think that it's being expanded 19 inappropriately, then we'd certainly like to hear that. 20 21 But I think we've got a good foundation. And 22 I would hope that we could get your comments, Dutch,

1 and those of your office, Jeff, in the next 30 days or so so that we could, if need be, schedule another 2 meeting in advance of July because I suspect that our 3 July meeting will be busy. I would like to be able to 4 have the committee take action and have a resolution to 5 6 put before the Board at our July meeting. 7 Is that reasonable? MR. MERRYMAN: Yes, it is. It is. 8 MR. SCHANZ: Well, as a practical matter, 9 though, I'd like to know which the final final is. I 10 have a draft that looks like a Christmas tree. 11 12 (Laughter.) MR. HOFFMAN: Right. It's pretty. 13 MS. COHAN: It's festive. 14 15 MR. SCHANZ: And at the bottom, it says, "Hoffman Revisions 4/13/2012." Is that the current 16 state of the document from the Audit Committee? 17 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Let Mattie address it. I 18 agree it's confusing. I know that we've got the 19 20 Hoffman draft in redline. We've got your clean 21 version. And we've got the board book version, which does not include any of the Hoffman comments. 22
1 MS. COHAN: Well, it actually includes several of the Hoffman comments, but not all of them. 2 What happened was that at the last meeting, it was agreed 3 that individual members would provide their comments to 4 5 me. And I received those, and the version that's in 6 the board book reflects the comments that I received up 7 to the point that I had gotten them at that point, that 8 last email that you said, encouraging people.

9 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: About the first of April. 10 MS. COHAN: And so all of the comments that I 11 received to that point are already reflected in here, 12 plus there were a few additional management comments, 13 reactions to some of the comments from the committee 14 members.

15 And the Committee had asked me to -- what I 16 had originally done with the existing charter was I had 17 that annotation. And at the last meeting I was asked 18 to migrate the annotation into the revised draft of the 19 charter itself as it was reorganized.

20 So that's what the one in the board book does. 21 It's both -- I kept the reorganization from the 22 existing charter to what you saw in January because I

was under the impression that everybody liked the
 reorganization, and then made some additional changes.
 And then I stuck in the annotation so people could
 understand what we were doing.

5 David's comments reiterate some of the ones he 6 had made previously that are reflected in here, but 7 there are additional ones as well. So I can take his 8 and work them into this and make one version that's 9 annotated that reflects all of his comments.

CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Yes. David, does your last 10 11 draft follow the structure that Mattie created? 12 MR. HOFFMAN: It does. And I think we're all -- I think the Committee's in agreement where it's 13 going to be restructured along the lines as suggested. 14 15 My -- I'm hesitating to make this 16 suggestion -- my suggestion is that -- depending on 17 what the rest of the Committee thinks, is that we ask the OIG to react to my draft, and that we take Mattie 18 out of the middle, to a certain extent. 19 20 MS. COHAN: That's fine with me.

21 (Laughter.)

22 MR. HOFFMAN: And since it is the Committee's

1 charter, I think we couldn't have -- we

2	certainly I'm hesitating, obviously, because I
3	understand where the burden will be placed in this
4	process. We couldn't have gotten to where we are
5	without OLA doing the work to move it forward.
6	++ But my sense is that we're now far enough along
7	that it's just a question of figuring
8	out fine-tuning where there are disagreements, if
9	any; if so, perhaps doing some wordsmithing or
10	discussions on that maybe it's a broader
11	disagreement; maybe it's not and that that is
12	largely a two-way discussion between the IG's office
13	and the Audit Committee, and that that might simplify
14	things.
15	I think that although there's maybe a small,

I think that although there's maybe a small, minor set of the most recent set of changes, Mattie, that aren't incorporated or dealt with in my draft, I'll look at that again. But I think basically my draft takes account of all the comments and all the changes that had come before.

21 And as long as that's okay with the Committee, 22 I think -- and I agree, Jeff, it would make sense to

know what you're dealing with here -- that that would
 be my suggestion.

CHAIRMAN MADDOX: I think that's a good 3 suggestion. Does that answer, Jeff, your question, 4 5 though, about what draft we're dealing with? 6 MR. MERRYMAN: Who's going to send it to us and how are we --7 MR. HOFFMAN: You should have it. 8 MR. MERRYMAN: We should have it? Okay. 9 MR. HOFFMAN: Yes. But I'm happy to resend it 10 11 again --MR. MERRYMAN: No, that's fine. Is it the one 12 that came --13 MR. HOFFMAN: -- in the morning. 14 15 MR. MERRYMAN: I'm sorry? 16 MR. HOFFMAN: I'd be happy to resend it. So I 17 think I sent the memo around; maybe it was Thursday. And then later that day, so Thursday afternoon, then, 18 you also received a clean draft. And then some time 19 20 after that, someone in our office did a markup. 21 Now, to add to the confusion, which I'll now 22 simplify, I marked it up from two documents. All

right? I marked up my clean version from the existing
 charter, which is the easiest one to deal with; but I
 also marked it up from Mattie's prior draft.

The easiest thing to do is you've got the Audit Committee's. At the bottom, it says "Hoffman revisions" or "Hoffman draft." You've got that document. And you've got the existing charter.

8 So I will resend a clean version of my Hoffman 9 revisions, and a redlined version that showed marked-up 10 revisions from the existing charter.

MR. MERRYMAN: And that's what we'll use, then, for --

MR. HOFFMAN: Yes. Does that sound -- Jeff
and Dutch, does that --

MR. MERRYMAN: That sounds great, yes.
MR. HOFFMAN: -- sound good in terms of the
process?

18 MR. SCHANZ: Does that include all the19 comments of the Audit Committee, though?

20 MR. HOFFMAN: When you say --

21 MR. SCHANZ: I have your comments, but are 22 Gloria's and Harry's embedded in there?

1 PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Mattie had

-	
2	integrated those. Am I correct?
3	MS. COHAN: Yes.
4	MR. HOFFMAN: I don't want to speak for the
5	rest of the Committee. But my both memo and draft
6	attempts to incorporate all the comments that had come
7	before from all the other Audit Committee members. So
8	I think the answer to your question is yes; I just
9	don't want to speak for the others.
10	MS. COHAN: I think that's probably correct.
11	PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Assuming what we've
12	just discussed is the way we're going to operate with
13	what concerns the OIG may have, and that makes sense to
14	me, I'd like to point out something else in here.
15	I'm referring to David's last model that is
16	probably information-seeking on page 9 of the model,
17	where it's C.5, about a confidential mechanism in place
18	for individuals to make complaints anonymously, if
19	desired, regarding suspected fraud, corruption, misuse
20	of funds.
21	I would like to know, first, what are the

I would like to know, first, what are the existing procedures or processes that are used for 1 those? And will we have to devise new ones or

2 modify --

CHAIRMAN MADDOX: No. Gloria, that's already
in place. It's part of the employee handbook.
PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Okay. Okay.
CHAIRMAN MADDOX: I don't know the section
number, but I think it's referenced.
PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Well, that's okay.
Let's just --

10 MS. COHAN: Section 2.5.

11 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Section 2.5. Right. And 12 the way that exists currently, in broad outline, 13 Gloria, is that anyone is -- it relates to accounting 14 and audit-type issues; it's not just everything under 15 the sun.

16 PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Right.

17 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: But it's specific areas. 18 They're allowed to bring a confidential issue to either 19 the Committee or to OIG. If they bring it to the 20 Committee, then the first order of business is for me 21 as chairman to decide if it's within the jurisdiction 22 of the Committee. 1 PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Right.

2 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: As the current document 3 exists, it gives me the authority to decide that it's 4 basically meritless and dispose of it, or to bring it 5 on to the Committee for consideration.

6 Last year, when I first brought this up, I 7 thought that the authority to actually dispose of a 8 matter was more authority than the chair should have, 9 and I suggested that we modify it. As things 10 developed, it seemed to make sense that we just let it 11 in place and see how it goes and see if we get any 12 complaints. So far, we haven't had any complaints.

Of course, the chair has the authority -- and probably the obligation; I don't have it in front of me -- to notify the Committee of things that are brought to it. I just thought that the jurisdictional determination was appropriate for the chairman, but perhaps not any sort of substantive determination. As it exists right now, at least if something,

I guess, is frivolous, I could decide that it's frivolous. But it's in the employee handbook. It's not been used that I'm aware of. Nobody's ever emailed

1 or called me.

2 All right. Harry? MR. KORRELL: Let me just make a quick -- and 3 this addresses Jeff's question about making sure his 4 5 draft has everything. And I just want to make sure I 6 understand. 7 So David's draft, the Hoffman draft, is a reason of the first Mattie Cohan draft. Correct? 8 MS. COHAN: That's correct. It's a revision 9 of what you got in January. 10 11 MR. KORRELL: Okay. And that means Mattie's 12 restructuring and incorporating the concerns that Vic raised, that I raised, and that Gloria raised were all 13 14 in that Cohan draft, which then David has modified. 15 So I think, Jeff, you have something that 16 incorporates all of our comments. I don't think you're 17 going to see much in there that says, this was Harry's issue. This was Vic's issue. But Mattie's draft did 18 incorporate that, and David's run through it is a 19 20 revision of those things. 21 So I think you have the best thing to work 22 from.

1 MR. SCHANZ: Okay. Thank you.

2 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Well, that was easy. (Laughter.) 3 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Is there anything else to be 4 5 said on that topic? If not, I appreciate your comments, Dutch and Jeff. I appreciate your 6 7 understanding and patience with us. Mattie, we 8 certainly appreciate your efforts, and we look forward to your comments. And call us, email us, if you have 9 questions in the interim and we'll try to work it out 10 11 as quickly as we can. 12 MR. MERRYMAN: I plan to put David on speed dial so we can --13 MR. HOFFMAN: Absolutely. I'm looking forward 14 15 to discussing with you or anyone you'd like. 16 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: So that, then, will take us to the next item on the agenda, which is the quarterly 17 review of the 403(b) plan performance. And we have 18 Traci Higgins, director of the Office of Human 19 20 Resources. Welcome, Ms. Higgins. 21 MS. HIGGINS: Thank you. 22 During the quarter that just ended, there were

no additional changes to any of the governing plan
documents. And as of March 31, 2012, total assets,
including employer contributions, totaled
\$18,104,558.75, an increase of over \$1.48 million since
December 31st. So it's safe to say the first quarter
of the year was a good one, in fact, the best since
1998.

8 We have 15 funds that are year-to-date 9 yielding returns of between 5 and 11 percent, and seven 10 of our funds are 12 to 15 percent returns. Last 11 quarter there were a couple of funds on the advisor 12 watch list, the Goldman Sachs Mid Cap Value A and 13 PIMCO's Total Return Fund. And both have rebounded 14 quite well.

15 Compared to their peers, the Goldman Sachs 16 realized a 27 percent ratings increase and PIMCO was up 17 67 percent over its other peer funds. With the Goldman 18 Sachs, year-to-date return is 12.68 percent, and PIMCO 19 is 2.81 percent. So the advisor doesn't feel that we 20 need to make any changes at this time with respect to 21 those two funds.

22 And that's what I have.

1 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Well, thank you very much. It sounds like the plan is doing pretty well. 2 I should also say this is your first 3 appearance before our Committee. Is that right? 4 MS. HIGGINS: It is indeed. 5 6 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Welcome to this august body. MS. HIGGINS: Thank you. I'm happy to be 7 8 here. CHAIRMAN MADDOX: All right. Well, thank you 9 very much. 10 11 We'll move now to our next item, which is the 12 briefing by the Inspector General. And I welcome again Mr. Jeff Schanz or Dutch Merryman, or both. 13 14 MR. SCHANZ: Dutch, would you start? MR. MERRYMAN: Yes. Just a few items to call 15 16 to the Board's attention. 17 The first is -- I'm sorry, but it's the 18 corporate audit, so I wanted to bring that up to the Board. Two things are going to be happening that we 19 20 want to inform the Board about. 21 One is, I'll be sending an email to all audit committee members to solicit input for retaining or 22

replacing the corporate auditor from this year. We
have two option years; this will be the first year that
we're looking at that. So we are seeking the
Committee's input on any issues or any concerns they
may have with the auditor.

6 Also, within the next week or two, we'll be announcing a review of the timeliness. The 990, it is 7 my understanding, has been filed now and that's taken 8 care of. So we can go back and look at the issues that 9 revolved around what was delaying the project from 10 11 being done? What improvements can be made in the 12 timing, or does the timing need to be changed? This is what we had talked about earlier. 13

So we will be sending out a letter both to Jim and to the audit firms, or audit firm, announcing that we're going to be starting this. We'll start interviewing people and getting information, and hopefully we'll have a result for the Audit Committee and for Jim before that, but by the July meeting.

Also, I just want to call attention to -- we started a quality control review process, which we had promised we were going to take a look at all IPAs over

a four-year period, at least start that process, and
 evaluate it each year.

3 Some of the questions go to: What are the 4 IPAs doing out there? How could they miss a fraud? 5 Those types of things. And we're trying to beef up our 6 reviews by contracting with a firm that has experience 7 in conducting the QCRs.

8 There were 13 what we call routine QCRs, part 9 of the four-year cycle done this year. I believe 29 of 10 those were done this reporting period. Only one of the 11 IPAs had work that had no deficiencies noted in the 12 QCR. Thirty-five of them had issues.

Fifteen of the reports and the work papers, the IPA needs to supply us additional information so we have assurance that the work was done correctly. We did label four of the products as not meeting standards, and we will take a very close look at those IPAs and the information that we get to see if they have documentation and the information required.

20 On the 20 additional QCRs, we evaluated the 21 results and deemed that it was not necessary for the 22 IPA to submit additional information, but had to ensure

additional steps were taken in future audits of LSC
 grantees to make sure that all the requirements of the
 standards are met, and also of the compliance
 supplement.

We did issue an advisory memorandum to all 5 6 IPAs and executive directors so they're informed of what's going on, and we sent a copy, I believe, to all 7 board members and to Jim. Mainly, the issues 8 identified by the QCRs relating to the financial aspect 9 were very limited. Most everything was done fairly 10 11 well, really good on the financial side, as far as the 12 standards require.

The audit work related to the internal control 13 and the fraud analysis that we looked at was almost 14 universally adequate. Most of the issues we identified 15 16 resulted either from inadequate documentation, 17 revolving around the work done to ensure compliance 18 with regulations, or certain requirements that we had in the compliance supplement were not completed as they 19 20 were supposed to be.

21 So we have exercised the second option year, 22 and will be looking at the 2011 audit reports, or for 1 the fiscal year 2011, for approximately 35 more IPAs. We will be continuing our review of the information 2 we're getting back from the IPAs we looked at last 3 year, and we may even take it one step further and, on 4 our own, conduct desk reviews of certain information 5 6 from the IPAs that had not done very well this past year, to ensure that the improvements have been made 7 8 for this year, to keep trying to make sure that the audits are fulfilling their design purpose. 9

10 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Robert?

11 MR. GREY: A question. From an information 12 standpoint, the relationship between IPA, the office in 13 which they have responsibility for, the OIG, and the 14 information that actually flows from that, who actually 15 benefits and what is the benefit from that information? 16 MR. MERRYMAN: From conducting the QCRs? 17 MR. GREY: Yes.

MR. MERRYMAN: The benefits are from the standpoint of the Corporation. Each year, every recipient is required to have an adjacent. That is done according to standards and our guidance, and it's supposed to answer the question on compliance with laws

and regulation, as well as financial reporting, as well
 as internal controls.

3 So the first group of people that it benefits 4 is obviously the grantee, to make sure they're getting 5 the service for their money that they're spending on 6 these audits, getting the things done that they need 7 to, and identifying where there's issues or not.

It's also valuable information for the 8 Corporation; should information come in that a grantee 9 has not been meeting certain standards or the grantee 10 11 has certain findings or information -- which there is 12 another process involved where we forward information -- in addition to the audit report, we take 13 a look at the findings and forward that through a 14 15 followup process to LSC management for them to follow 16 up with the grantee to make sure that corrective action 17 is taken on significant findings.

So it benefits LSC because it gives an idea of what's going on at the programs, and allows them to correct problems. It also helps the OIG from the standpoint of risk assessment. Are there similarities at programs? Does this program have other risk factors

associated with it? If there's findings within the
 audit report.

So it's very important that the audit reports 3 are accurate and that they're done correctly in 4 accordance with standards. So I think that the 5 6 program, management, IG, all benefit from it. 7 MR. SCHANZ: If I could add to that, Robert, I think your question was a little more global in nature. 8 This is part of the information-sharing 9 between the OIG and LSC management that has preceded 10 11 me. It hasn't been as robust as we're making it now. 12 But any time we run a red flag, we get in 135 individual audit reports of each of the grantee 13 programs. It may vary a little bit number-wise because 14 15 some firms do a couple of grantees if they have the 16 nonprofit expertise.

But we flag those initially, and that's the right term. We red-flag any potential issues that we would see that would lead us to believe that that program needs a fraud vulnerability visit or an audit or an investigation.

22 So we're the first line of review of those IPA

1 reports. We enter them into a database that we share 2 with management. Generally, in management, it's the 3 Office of Compliance and Enforcement that follows up on 4 the issues that we flag. Now, they may have more skill 5 sets in compliance areas than we do, so we send them 6 the whole report.

7 So all those audit reports that are coming 8 in -- now, the process that Dutch just described is to 9 make sure that the IPAs actually meet AICPA standards. 10 And we have a mechanism where we can recommend 11 suspension or debarment to the State Board of 12 Accountancy if the independent audits do not qualify or 13 meet standards.

MR. MERRYMAN: And we also have the ability to bar an IPA, with good cause, from conducting any further work with LSC grantees.

MR. GREY: And the IPAs are chosen by thelocal grantee?

19 MR. MERRYMAN: Yes.

20 MR. GREY: Does it have the same context in 21 terms of audit review that we're suggesting here with 22 the outside auditor? In other words, do you -- you

1 don't have any say at all.

22

2	MR. MERRYMAN: No. No.
3	MR. GREY: So it's a post review
4	MR. MERRYMAN: Correct.
5	MR. GREY: of the IPA based which is
6	MR. SCHANZ: Our authority. It's based on our
7	authority.
8	MR. GREY: Your authority. But I'm thinking
9	more in terms of your drill-down. I think the last
10	time you described this, it was, we look at indicators
11	of the IPA, each IPA, to determine whether we think
12	they're in compliance. And then from there, you make
13	some determination or further determination to further
14	drill down into the IPA's audit of the grantee. Is
15	that right?

MR. MERRYMAN: Yes, we can. What we do is we generally follow the guidance put out by the IG Council on doing desk reviews of A-133 projects. And we use that guideline, that checklist, plus we modify the checklist for other things that we may be interested in so that we can flag that.

Now, if we see something that's not correct in

1 a report, we'll call the IPA if it's something that's 2 correctable. We also may flag it to move it up -- now 3 that we have the four-year cycle going on, we may flag 4 it to move it up to the cycle if we want to get someone 5 out there to actually look at the work papers.

6 Because the audit report tells you so much, but we don't know what's in the work papers. For 7 instance, we try to look at the work papers from the 8 standpoint of some of these major frauds to see if 9 there's any lessons to be learned in that. 10 Why are 11 things missed? Well, obviously, if the auditors onsite 12 are going to say, just give me another one, that's probably not documented in the work papers. 13

We did provide information to one of the organizations based on these what we call targeted, now more specifically targeted for many years or a couple of years, depending on how long the fraud, about a situation where appropriate action had not been taken on a material variation in the analytics. Something jumped way high, and things were not documented.

21 Well, also from the investigation, we knew 22 certain things were being very different to be in the

work papers because they did not exist at the program.
 And there was some indication through a general
 statement that, oh, yes, that means we did all of this.
 And so we did forward that on to the program and to
 investigations.

6 MR. GREY: Last question. The reporting 7 that's actually done with the IPA and the board, the 8 local board, is there some sort of minimum in-person 9 meeting required? Is it more often with some than 10 others? How does that work?

MR. MERRYMAN: Are you talking between the IPA and the board? The IPA would be obligated to follow the standards dealing with communication with those in governance. And there's a standard on that, on meeting with boards of directors, and they would have to meet that requirement in order to meet standards.

17 MR. GREY: That's for everything?

18 MR. MERRYMAN: That's for everybody. It's an 19 AICPA standard on communicating with those in 20 governance. I can't remember -- it's the 113 area or 21 something like that. But I can get you a copy of that 22 if you'd like to see that.

1 I'm sorry, would you like to --

-	I m bolly, would you line to
2	MR. GREY: But that's one of the things you
3	follow up on to make sure that they are doing
4	MR. MERRYMAN: Well, that's one of the things
5	that would be to check when we are onsite, when someone
6	is onsite looking at the work papers. There's not a
7	whole lot in the report itself that would confirm how
8	many times, necessarily, what that was. But there
9	should be documentation in the work paper file showing
10	compliance with that standard.
11	MR. GREY: Gotcha. Thank you.
12	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: David?
13	MR. HOFFMAN: A few questions so I understand.
14	And again, with apologies, because this may be because
15	I'm new.
16	Is this QCR process my impression is that
17	this is a new process that the IG's office has started.
18	MR. MERRYMAN: Not entirely new. Ever since
19	the 1996 Appropriations Act, there has been reviews of
20	IPAs by the IG's office. When I first got here, there
21	was
22	MR. HOFFMAN: But this is a new version?

1 MR. MERRYMAN: Well, we've expanded it. When it first started, it was viewed as the biggest risk for 2 being in compliance with or being able to handle the 3 compliance supplement, being able to handle the 4 5 regulations, and making sure that things were done in 6 accordance with the regulations. And so that's where the focus was at. Now it's both financial and --7 MR. HOFFMAN: Let me ask a few followup 8 questions. I just want to be clear. 9 What I'm thinking about here is that 10 11 the -- and correct me if this is wrong -- but the IPAs 12 are critical. The IPAs doing their job well is a critical front-line defense for the Corporation --13 14 MR. MERRYMAN: I believe it to be, yes. 15 MR. HOFFMAN: -- in terms of making sure the 16 grantees -- that money is being properly spent. So all 17 of us have a very big stake in making sure the IPAs are doing their job, and the IG's review of the IPAs is 18 therefore also critical. 19 20 I heard -- and again, I may have 21 misunderstood -- but I heard two different things. One

22 was that the recent QCR looked at 36 IPAs, and 35 were

1 found to have deficiencies.

2 MR. MERRYMAN: Some form of deficiency. 3 Correct. MR. HOFFMAN: Some form of deficiency, which 4 5 struck me as a high number. MR. MERRYMAN: It struck me as a high number, 6 7 too. MR. HOFFMAN: But, on the other hand, that 8 what I gathered was that those deficiencies aren't of 9 major concern. 10 11 MR. MERRYMAN: We don't know. 12 MR. HOFFMAN: Okay. And so, really, the question -- which may not get answered today -- is, is 13 the review of the IPAs robust enough -- and which of 14 15 course is going to go into questions of authority and 16 resources and so on -- but if it's a checklist of 17 whether it meets the AICPA standards, and the only remedy if there's concern is to take a rather dramatic 18 step of debarring them from ever doing this again or 19 going to an accounting board, that seems like maybe a 20 21 relatively low-level review and then a very high sanction, which might be difficult to meet; as opposed 22

to, well, they may have only relatively small deficiencies that may not mean that they should be debarred, but maybe not's something that we as LSC, through the IG, should be approving. Maybe, because we want to insist on a higher standard, that we want to have a more robust bar that you need to be above.

7 And these are really -- I don't know the 8 answer. But to me, the IG doing these reviews are 9 exactly right. I just want to make sure, from your 10 perspective, it's really robust enough because I think 11 that's a critical element of the protection.

MR. SCHANZ: I'll jump in here, Dutch. To use a term, it's more forensic when were having IPAs looking at IPAs and looking at the work supporting their report. It would be the same thing that happens in the state agencies or the state auditors, where they have their own peer review cycle, very similar to the federal cycle.

We want to make sure that the grantees -- now, we don't have the authority; management does -- but to make sure that the grantees are hiring IPAs that are qualified. At one point in time during the Fiscal

Oversight Task Force, one of the members was from
 Florida, and she recommended a three-year rotation
 cycle, where you change out IPAs so you don't have that
 same familiarity; because if you report bad things,
 you're cutting your own budget.

6 So we try to make sure that, yes, what's 7 reported in the report is supported through the work 8 that's been done by the subsequent IPA, A; and B, to 9 make sure that the grantees don't get too familiar with 10 their own IPAs, which to use an example, a live 11 example, was what happened at LAB, Legal Aid of 12 Baltimore.

13 MR. HOFFMAN: So maybe -- and I don't want to 14 go too long on this, so maybe just some thoughts for 15 the future that would be, I think, helpful for us when 16 you're presenting on this in future meetings.

MR. MERRYMAN: Let me just clarify one thing.MR. HOFFMAN: Sure.

MR. MERRYMAN: We use the checklist to look at the report itself that comes in. Okay? We have the guidelines that the Council of Inspectors General uses to do desk reviews, what's called desk reviews, of

A-133 audits. It's very similar, and we modify that to
 our needs.

The more robust is having an individual under contract with us onsite reviewing the actual work paper file, more or less doing a mini peer review to see how it's supported, how the findings are supported, whether the procedures and standards were in place, whether they have a control system in place to make sure of the guality of the report.

10 So they're also following either -- they have 11 their choice of AICPA standards or they have their 12 choice, for reviews, of A-133 and other financial work; 13 or they can use -- again, there's a CIGIE document for 14 conducting onsite reviews.

15 So the onsite reviews are more robust from the 16 standpoint of the quality of work than what the report 17 review would be.

MR. HOFFMAN: So me just ask, as of the 35 out of 36 that had deficiencies, how many will there be some followup work by the IG on, if that's been decided?

22 MR. MERRYMAN: Okay. Of the 35 that had a

deficiency, we have required them to provide us an answer to specific questions in specific areas of the work done and the support for the concerns that they've reached or the missing documentation, to provide that to us in writing, and we gave them a date certain on that. And if we don't get it, we have to make a decision what to do at that time.

8 Unfortunately, the way that the penalty system 9 is set up, while we can reject the report and not 10 accept it, the penalty falls to the grantee because 11 then the grantee cannot charge any of LSC funds to the 12 cost of that audit, even though they didn't cause it to 13 be not good. It's part of the Corporation's --

MR. HOFFMAN: I'm more thinking about -- yes, I understand that point about how there would be a penalty looking backward. But looking forward in terms of whether this particular IPA -- if there are red flags, should that IPA continue to do work for grantees that get LSC funding? I just want to make -- and I don't think we need to resolve this --

21 MR. MERRYMAN: No. I --

22 MR. HOFFMAN: Let me just finish. I just want

to make sure that, first of all, the process is sufficient to really identify IPAs that are at the top of the bad actor list or the top of the list of not doing a good job, if there are any of them; and second, that then there are steps that are being taken to protect LSC by saying, you're not allowed to use those people any more.

8 Any alternative, by the way, would be to have 9 an approved list, which probably would be too bulky 10 because it would move away from more local things. 11 MR. MERRYMAN: Right.

MR. HOFFMAN: But maybe, if this fits within 12 the agenda next time, I think it might be nice to a 13 little more detail in writing for the next committee 14 15 meeting about the specifics of this review, how you 16 identify the red flags and whether there are some examples of, have you encountered your top worst IPA 17 18 list -- you don't have to name them -- and what is done with that? 19

I just want to make sure there's a process to really find red flags and to do something about it so that there's the greatest possible assurance that the

1 IPAs are doing what they should be doing.

2 MR. SCHANZ: Well, I can give you one example, 3 David. The LSC program in Guam didn't get a clean 4 opinion for three times in a row. And that bridged my 5 time here.

6 On the third time, I took it up to the 7 President of the Corporation. I took it out of the 8 tracking system and flagged it personally and handed it 9 to the president, the then-president, and said, "This 10 grantee has failed, has not gotten a clean opinion 11 three times in a row. Something needs to be to be done 12 with this grantee."

And that mainly is a management responsibility. We raise the red flag of three unclean opinions in a row, but the action and the funding and the money and the hammer comes from management.

17 So we're looking at that. When I first got 18 here, we put an auditor on that. We have a very 19 experienced person doing that, but I wanted a second 20 set of eyes on some of these reports coming in. So I 21 took an auditor offline and made sure that had 22 information that OCE, management Office of Compliance

1 and Enforcement, could use in managing the grant.

2	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Can I just ask quickly, to
3	sort of put a real-world example to I think the concept
4	that David was looking at? In the Wanda Lust case I
5	think that was \$195,000 how many audits went by
6	where she was able to basically pull the wool over
7	their eyes because they were inept?
8	MR. MERRYMAN: Well, I don't know how many
9	audits exactly. From what the investigators indicated,
10	there was like 12 times that document was pulled where
11	she was I don't know, four of them were pulled one
12	year. But she was doing it over a six-year period. It
13	could have been two a year. It could have been six in
14	two years.
15	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right.
16	MR. MERRYMAN: But the bottom line is, that
17	should not have happened.
18	CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right.
19	MR. MERRYMAN: I remember looking at just one
20	of the charge card, a charge card bill, and just being
21	skeptical. Why are we going to Wanda's Bargain Barn
22	six times in the same day?

1

CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right.

2 MR. MERRYMAN: I mean, come on. I Googled it, 3 and that's why I found out.

4 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: To go to the robustness of 5 your work, if I understand it, that was brought to your 6 attention because they called the bank. Is that the 7 one where they called the bank?

8 MR. MERRYMAN: That's the one they 9 called -- evidently, a check came through that didn't 10 make sense to them, that mismatched --

11 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right, 1100 versus 1200. 12 MR. MERRYMAN: -- and they had -- yes. And 13 then they got it.

14 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: So I guess the question is, 15 how does OIG find those kinds of cases? How do you 16 find the IPA that's basically not doing their job? 17 MR. MERRYMAN: It's hard. It's hard when you 18 have 139 of them. We try to --

19 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right. Well, and that goes 20 to your other point, Dutch. Is the process that you've 21 now got in place where you're doing these QCRs, is that 22 designed somehow to drill down far enough to say, 1 okay -- are you just requesting another sample when 2 they can't find it? Do you actually have a mechanism 3 where you think you're going to be able to find those 4 kinds of cases?

5 Because it's very frustrating to, I think, LSC 6 generally, to the Board, to think we have all these 7 internal controls, and we have task forces --

MR. MERRYMAN: Yes. Absolutely.

8

9 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: -- and we have auditors, and 10 we have OIGs, and yet at the end of the day, if the CFO 11 is smart and clever and doesn't take vacation, we're 12 just stuck.

MR. MERRYMAN: Well, but that gets back to what the bigger issue, I believe, really is. The audit is a test of transactions. It may or may not catch what it's supposed to. If you have management override, it makes it even more difficult to test it. CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right.

MR. MERRYMAN: What should be happening, even like in Wanda's case, that could have been stopped before it got started if the executive director was engaged and understand internal controls and how what 1 he was doing --

2 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right. MR. MERRYMAN: -- prevented that from 3 happening, rather than waiting for the auditors to find 4 Because the auditors take samples. They do an 5 it. 6 assessment. They take things that are material. They look at the controls associated with the areas of 7 further planning for the purpose of how deep does their 8 test need to go, as opposed to express an opinion on 9 10 internal controls.

11 Because they don't express an opinion on 12 internal controls. You get it right in the report. The purpose of our review of internal controls was to 13 14 determine our planning work, which meant, A, if they've got good controls and they're functioning, I don't have 15 16 to take as large a sample. If they're not designed 17 well, they're not functioning, I've got to take more 18 samples, a larger sample, to assure myself that the numbers are correct. 19

20 But the real crux to this is management. How 21 much is management talking to their staff about 22 internal controls?

1 MR. HOFFMAN: But Dutch, there's no question 2 you're right. There's no question you're right that 3 even the best audits and the best audit firms will 4 sometimes miss certain kinds of sometimes egregious 5 fraud. No question about that.

And there's no question that as much as possible and appropriate should be done to train and provide education to management of grantees so that they're doing a good job.

However, there also is a need for -- there's going to be an audit. It's going to be done by IPAs. LSC, through the IG, makes an effort to ensure that these IPAs are doing a good job.

14 So we're just trying to get a handle on what 15 that process is. And when there are examples of red 16 flags being spotted, are there any bad apples within 17 the IPA community who are being spotted, and is it 18 being weeded out?

I think that more details on that, perhaps next time, would be helpful for us in understanding it. MR. MERRYMAN: Sure. This is like the first year of the program and it's still being built because
one of the things I mentioned was that for the ones that we're having problems with now, we're not just walking away from them and waiting four years. We're going to take a look at getting more information, following up.

And part of this is going to be deterrence. Part of this is that they know someone's going to be looking at them in a way they haven't been looked at before. And I hope to see a lot better improvement this coming year. We'll see.

MR. HOFFMAN: I think it's a great idea.
CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Thank you very -- Gloria?
PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Yes.

14 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: I really want to --

15 PROFESSOR VALENCIA-WEBER: Briefly. You say you're starting it, so you're in the beginning phases 16 17 of what you're going to look for. At some point, as a board member, I'd like to know if you have been able to 18 determine from the grantee characteristics, not the IPA 19 20 characteristics, if there is a pattern among the 21 grantees, which ones tend to experience the 22 difficulties of particular kinds, either hiring

1 qualified IPAs or not getting clean reports.

I mean, if there's any characteristics about them that would let us know, perhaps, which grantees we need to provide more help to --

5 MR. MERRYMAN: We always try to look at 6 various situations, various characteristics, to see if we can identify a trend. We did identify one trend 7 8 early on, that the first-year IPAs doing LSC work need help because they don't understand the regulations, not 9 so much on the financial side. Also, we are concerned 10 11 about long-term IPAs becoming complacent in what 12 they're doing.

13 So we try to identify -- we haven't identified 14 any as a result of this effort yet, but we do want to 15 identify any type of characteristic that helps use our 16 resources more efficiently in identifying problems and 17 trying to get them stopped.

18 MR. SCHANZ: And I would like to make the 19 point, Mr. Chairman, that there's apples and oranges 20 here a little bit. An IPA is only one of the control 21 mechanisms that is used.

22 We have our own internal audit staff that

drills down quite a bit further than an IPA would just to express an opinion on the financial statements. So part of our role is to identify the bad actors and to drill down further and provide in those reports you get and are posted on our website.

6 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: When did the Wanda Lust
7 case -- when was that? Was that before you came along,
8 Jeff? I'm just wondering.

9 MR. SCHANZ: That was in progress when I 10 arrived in 2008. But most of the action -- as most of 11 you know, are lawyers -- litigation takes quite some 12 time.

13 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right.

MR. SCHANZ: And the investigators explained that case to you earlier, with the restitution and the harshness of the sentence.

17 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Yes. Well, thank you very 18 much for your report, and we look forward to your 19 comments at our next meeting.

Paul, do you have anything else for the
attorney or for the OIG before we let them go?
MR. SNYDER: No, thank you.

1 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Okay. Thank you very much. 2 The next item on our agenda, and I guess we're 3 going to need to keep it brief, David, is a report 4 on -- or a briefing on travel procedures from David 5 Richardson, the treasurer and comptroller.

6 Welcome, Mr. Richardson. I have read your 7 memo; I assume that other board members have as well. 8 It's somewhat detailed. Maybe we could get the 9 executive summary.

MR. RICHARDSON: Okay. Last evening, Treefa mentioned to you that we are -- she had given an update on the Governance and Performance Committee about the reason that we're complying and doing these type of reviews. The GAO had recommended that the Board review key management processes and review internal controls.

16 So what I have done here is laid out -- I've 17 taken our travel guidelines, which are 30 pages, and 18 condensed them to provide you with a quick overview of 19 the travel.

The first page, on page 110, provides you with the authorities that govern the travel. All the travel of the Corporation, whether it be for a board member,

for an employee, invited guest, consultant, temporary
 employee, are governed by these guidelines.

I've set out who is to approve those. For instance, the Board is approved by the corporate secretary and his staff. The President, at this point I am approving his travel at his direction. And each director approves travel for those people who work for them and who they contract for.

9 We try to impress upon every traveler that 10 they are to be responsible for and to know our 11 guidelines, those approving the guidelines and those 12 that follow them, the traveler also to be able to know 13 them and follow them.

14 Travel outside the United States is provided 15 for. Has to be approved. If somebody goes to Alaska, 16 Puerto Rico, Hawaii, it has to be approved by the 17 President or for the IG in his office.

We provide a number of insurances that I've covered here. And we also provide information in case there's traffic accidents, and we've had a couple of those in the last couple years, just fender bender-type things where it's reported to us and then we report it

to the insurance companies, and then report to legal
 affairs and HR.

The travel policies themselves, the policies that we have is at the bottom of 111. I'm looking. Everybody is to submit an expense report. We ask that it be done within 30 days. Receipts that we ask to be provided include the airline ticket, baggage fees, parking lot fees, cab fares in excess of \$25, a hotel folio.

Most people have cell phones, so we don't 10 11 really get a lot of people turning in telephone 12 receipts. But a few years ago I had somebody come up and say, "I am eligible for \$15 today for telephone 13 calls, and I used the local pay phone." And I said, 14 15 "For six days, you carried \$15 worth of quarters, the 16 amount of \$90, and you used those to make calls?" 17 Well, this person backed away from it at that 18 point.

point. I said, "You're eligible for it, but you've got to have a receipt for it." Of course, at the time we had long-distance calling cards. Today people travel with cell phones. So in case somebody travels and uses a hotel telephone, cell phones not working in some

1 areas, we will pay for their calls.

2	We monitor the expenses. The airline tickets
3	that are purchased, we know when people are traveling.
4	We look at the credit card accounts. Every employee
5	gets a statement each moth, and board member, that uses
6	the credit card. We ask that they reconcile it with
7	their travel expense report and turn it in to us within
8	30 days.
9	We have a process of reviewing them, asking
10	for corrections, and we go through that process to get
11	a good, clean report that we then review with the
12	expense account again, with the airline tickets and the
13	credit card, to make sure everything is accounted for.
14	And we track that so that we can make sure that
15	everything is being taken care of.
16	If somebody does not turn in an expense
17	report, we notify them after a 45-day period, and we've
18	notified not only the traveler but the director so that
19	we can the person who is approving the expense
20	report so that we can get them turned in and take care
21	of them.

22 We have had a process of suspending a couple

of cards. We have been a little lax on that in the past. But there has been occasions where somebody has gone over 60 days without turning in an expense report. We have suspended their use of the credit card.

5 And we've actually suspended the use of one 6 person's for six months who had not turned in travel 7 expense reports timely, and then turned them back on, 8 because they were just turned off for a while, so that 9 they could then use them in the future.

10 A pretty powerful incentive, isn't it? I 11 mean, if they don't have a credit card, they can't 12 travel. They can't do their job. Right?

MR. RICHARDSON: No, sir. What we do is we tell them that if they're required to travel, they travel on their own dime.

16 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right. So anybody faced 17 with that prospect is going to get their report in. 18 Right?

MR. RICHARDSON: You would think so. But wehave had circumstances where they don't.

21 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: I don't want to 22 short-circuit your report unreasonably, but we are in

overtime. Can I just ask one general question? How
much does the Corporation spend on travel -- airline,
car rentals, hotels, food, et cetera? It's in our
reports, our financial reports. It's a lot, isn't it?
How many millions is it?

6 MR. RICHARDSON: Well, this year we have 7 budgeted \$1.3 million.

8 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: So it's an item that 9 obviously deserves your attention. And as the 10 comptroller, I gather that you've got a system in place 11 that you believe, and reasonably believe, is adequate 12 to monitor travel expenses and to provide reasonable 13 assurance against any sort of abuse of the system?

MR. RICHARDSON: Absolutely. Whenever we get a credit card account in, we have a general account for Omega, where we purchase our tickets. Everybody has a travel authorization that is approved. That's matched to the ticket before that it's paid.

We look at their credit card accounts. You get a statement, but we get a master statement. We look at those statements to make sure that all the charges are appropriate. When there is something

1 that's not appropriate, we make the traveler aware of 2 it.

A few years go, had a director -- actually, a vice president -- had a credit card that was almost the same color of the LSC credit card. They went to a movie one night and charged their movie on the LSC credit card.

8 MS. REISKIN: Accidentally?

Accidentally. She called me 9 MR. RICHARDSON: the next morning. "I made this -- had this little 10 11 problem. I charged \$15. I will bring you a check 12 right now." We've had circumstances like that. We have not had any circumstances of fraud at this point. 13 14 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Right. Has the outside 15 auditor ever brought to your attention any concerns for 16 the system you have in place for controlling travel 17 expenses?

MR. RICHARDSON: They have not. We detail and provide to the auditors every year any change in the system. This system has actually only been in place since 2008, 2009, in that range. And we review it with them every year. We have made a few tweaks trying to

1 improve it.

At one time when you traveled, if you recall the expense report, it has transportation, meals, hotel, and other. We used to record all those separately. I was told, we're going to have plenty of questions on that. Well, for ten years we did not have any questions on it.

8 So what we do now is we record the total cost 9 of the trip, and then we offset, if you purchase a 10 ticket, your credit card, so that we have one entry for 11 the cost of the trip, so that if anybody questions us 12 how much a particular trip cost, we've got it sorted.

I can tell you how much it costs to go -- andI'll think of your neighborhood, Mr.

15 Maddox -- AppalReD. We can say, if a group went there 16 and four people went, I can tell you how much it cost 17 for that trip. If we went to Northern California, we 18 can sort it by the grantee code and give back a report 19 on how much that spending is.

20 And we share that with the directors. We make 21 it available to them. They have the ability to review 22 expenses. And our travel coordinator also tracks that

stuff. So we have a lot of checks and balances in
 place to make sure that we are following up and making
 sure everything is properly accounted for.

4 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: David, real quick.
5 MR. HOFFMAN: Real quick. Two very, very
6 quick questions --

7 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Go ahead, Paul.

8 MR. SNYDER: One quick question is, it's 9 fairly standard practice for public companies for the 10 audit committee once a year to receive a report, 11 summary report, of the expenses of senior officers, 12 maybe the top five, and it's broken down by travel, 13 entertainment, meals, hotel.

And it's really, probably as much as anything, just a monitoring function, but also to make sure that if they get to a level that might cause some embarrassment, that it makes everybody aware of it.

18 So it's a fairly standard report people do 19 every year, and the public companies do. Have we 20 thought about that from time to time, just how much 21 communication monitoring?

And then the second thing, David, has there

1 ever been a reporting violation of a senior officer 2 from an expense policy? And if there would be, would 3 you report that to the audit committee?

MR. RICHARDSON: Yes, sir. Let me back up. 4 5 There was an inspector general review of a president's travel a few years ago, and there was some 6 questions about the travel there. If I found anything 7 irregular at this point, with the working relationship 8 that I have with this Board and the President, I would 9 be able to come to the Board and report that to you. 10 11 MR. SNYDER: Even if that was the President? 12 MR. RICHARDSON: Yes. The President has

explicitly told me that I have the final say on his travel, and if I felt there was any irregularity, I would be at liberty to report to you.

I can tell you up front, though, that that's not going to happen. Jim is very -- we have per diem, and he might charge a \$4 pack of cookies and a drink for lunch. He's very frugal when he's traveling.

20 MR. SNYDER: It's more to the question as to 21 policy and process, the fact that you're comfortable 22 doing that?

1 MR. RICHARDSON: Absolutely. 2 MR. SNYDER: But you might want to consider just a summary, once a year. Like I say, public 3 companies do it just from a monitoring standpoint. 4 5 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Thank you, Paul. David? 6 MR. HOFFMAN: Very quick, and I'll put aside 7 the imminent scandal of Jim eating cookies for lunch. 8 9 (Laughter.) MR. HOFFMAN: But two quick questions that --10 11 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: While he's traveling. 12 MR. HOFFMAN: Two quick questions that may call for very quick responses. 13 14 I assume that all the activities, the spending and other activities regarding travel, are transparent 15 16 to the IG in the sense that the IG has the ability to look at any of these if they desire to do so? 17 MR. RICHARDSON: He does. 18 MR. HOFFMAN: Okay. And the second question 19 is along the lines of Paul's question. Have you 20 21 received in the last 12 months or so any negative findings from the IG on anything to do with travel, 22

1 either negative findings regarding the policy or internal controls, or negative findings regarding 2 findings of misconduct -- fraud, dishonesty of any of 3 4 the employees involved in this? 5 MR. RICHARDSON: No, sir. 6 MR. HOFFMAN: Okay. Thank you. And you'll let us know if you do get those findings? 7 MR. RICHARDSON: Absolutely. 8 MR. HOFFMAN: Thank you. 9 10 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Any other questions from the 11 Board? 12 (No response.) CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Thank you very much for your 13 Appreciate it. 14 report. That takes us to, I think, the next item on 15 16 our agenda, which is going to be public comment. Is there any public comment? 17 18 (No response.) 19 CHAIRMAN MADDOX: Seeing none, that will take us to the next item, which is to consider and act on 20 21 other business. I take it there is none? 22 (No response.)

CHAIRMAN MADDOX: I'll therefore ask for a motion to adjourn. ΜΟΤΙΟΝ MR. HOFFMAN: So moved. CHAIRMAN MADDOX: And a second? MR. KORRELL: Second. CHAIRMAN MADDOX: And all in favor? (A chorus of ayes.) CHAIRMAN MADDOX: The motion is approved. Thank you. (Whereupon, at 3:46 p.m., the Committee was adjourned.) * * * * *